

# How Well do You Know *The* **SAHABAH?**

300 Questions & Answers  
to increase your knowledge

**Maulana Khalid Dhorat**

Appreciated by

**Maulana Muhammad Saad**

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# Recommendation

Al-Hamdulillah with the Fazal and Karam of Allah Subhanahuwata`ala and with the effort of the ulama and the work of the Da`wat and Tableegh, a general Islamic awareness has come into the Muslims. Due to this awareness many Muslims have realized the importance to know about the lives of the Sahaba (رضي الله عنهم).

Therefore, to learn and to practice according the lives of the Sahaba (رضي الله عنهم) it is necessary to gain a brief introduction about them.

It is extremely pleasing that Maulana Khalid Dohrat has endeavored to try and fulfill this

very urgent and important need. This book although are for children and for adults as well, has been prepared in accordance to the desire of the ulama-e-haqq.

May Allah Subhanahuwata'ala make this book Maqbool and beneficial to all our Muslim children. (Aameen)

**Maulana Muhammad Saad**



## Introduction

Rapid and continuous progress in the field of technology especially the modern electronic media has eroded our moral, cultural and religious values. Muslims are confused as well as desperate; how to educate and train their children in the unfavourable and complex situation so that they could successfully face the modern challenges.

In order to assist Muslims to achieve their noble goals, Bait-ul-Ilm Trust has been established. Its aim is to produce serious-minded, skilled and competent persons who are grounded in Islam and are ready to sacrifice even their lives for Islam. The trust, in this connection, is striving to work out a complete and up

to-date syllabus for schools under the supervision of well-known teachers, scholars and educationists. It will help in bringing about the spirit of brotherhood and unity in children. By the grace of the Almighty Allah, the trust has already prepared some promising educational books on various subjects. These books are being taught in schools based in Pakistan as well as at schools abroad.

The people concerned are humbly requested to take part in this noble work in every way they can. They are also requested to grant us their precious suggestions and advice. We pray to Allah Ta'ala for divine assistance in the accomplishment of our tasks.

*Bait-ul-Ilm Trust*

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## FOREWARD

All Praise and gratitude belongs to Allah Ta'ala, and salutations and blessings upon our beloved Nabi (صل الله علیہ وسلم).

It gives me great pleasure to write this short FOREWARD on "HOW WELL DO YOU KNOW THE SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)?"

Certainly, in this trying age, when men revere and are being led by the slaves of Western Technology and scientific advancement on the one hand, and the perpetrators of immoral and debasing ideologies on the other hand, a booklet of this nature is most welcome.

It evokes and rekindles in the heart of Muslims the love and spirit of the true exemplars of Islam viz, the illustrious companions of Nabi (صل الله علیہ وسلم).

This booklet is informative, concise and enjoyable to the General public, and can certainly be

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incorporated into the school syllabi. At a competitive level, its lay-out is most apt.

I pray that this work of our erudite scholar, Maulana Khalid Dhorat, will be received well by the Muslim and Non-Muslim public, and most of all, accepted in the court of Allah (جَنَّةَ اللَّهِ) (Aameen).

**MAULANA DOCTOR ISMAIL MOOSA VALLY  
DARUL-ULoom ZAKARIYYA, LENASIA, SOUTH AFRICA**

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## INTRODUCTION

All Praises are due to Allah ( جل جلاله ), RABB of the Universe and the choicest of salutations and blessing be upon the lamp of this world, Muhammad-e-Mustafa ( صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم ).

This booklet primarily aims at highlighting the virtues of the Sahaba ( رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہم ), those selfless and daunting personalities who are credited for spreading this wonderful religion of ours far and wide.

Many voluminous books exist today on the subject of "SEERAT", many are read but most of them are neglected. Nevertheless, in all cases the name of the Sahabi ( رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ ) is most often first to be forgotten. One of the aims of this booklet is to facilitate memory of their names. It has been also formulated in such a gripping manner, that besides being informed of the special characteristics of a particular Sahabi ( رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ ), one is compelled to refer to his name at the end of each chapter, thus facilitating remembrance of his name and according him maximum praise.

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This booklet encourages the unacquainted to read further. It also assists those who are acquainted

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with the "SEERAT" of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) and the Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) in the remembrance of names.

It is thus highly beneficial to the General - public, the student as well as those who are qualified on the subject.

One can study this booklet individually or groups can be formed to question one another on his/her knowledge of the Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم).

Any suggestion for the improvement of this booklet will be highly appreciated and any errors or omissions pointed-out will be most welcome and corrected.

Last but not least, I would like to thank all those who assisted in the materialization of this compilation and humble book.

May Allah (جَلَّ جَلَلَهُ) accept this humble effort and make it a means of drawing us closer to the beloved Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) and to realize their lofty status in Islam, (AAMEEN).

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KHALID DHORAT (COMPILER)  
DARUL-ULoom ZAKARIYYA  
20<sup>TH</sup> AUGUST 1992 - SAFAR 1413

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The main idea underlying this behest was that Muslim mothers, while going to bed at night, instead of telling myths and fables to their children, may narrate to them such real and true tales of the golden age of Islam that would create in them an Islamic spirit of love and esteem for Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) and thereby improve their 'Imaan'; and the proposed book may, thus, be a useful substitute for the current story books.

It is an admitted fact that the stories of the godly people deserve to be studied rather deeply, in order to derive proper benefit from them. This is more important in case of Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم), who were chosen by Allah (جل جلاله) for the company of His beloved and our dear Prophet (صل الله علیه وسلم). Their stories not only serve as a beacon of Faith and Practice but also cause Allah's (جل جلاله) blessings and mercy to descend on the readers. Junaid Baghdadi (رحمه الله عليه), a head of the Sufis, once said:

"Stories of the pious and godly are Allah's (جل جلاله) special devices, which encourage the hearts of those who strive in His path".

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Somebody inquired of Junaid (رحمه الله عليه) if he could cite something in support of his statement.

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He replied:

"Yes, Allah ( جل جلاله ) has said in His Book –  
"And all that we relate unto thee of the stories of  
the messengers is in order that thereby We may  
make the heart firm. And herein hath come unto  
thee the Truth and an exhortation and a reminder  
for believers". (XI-120)

## VIRTUES OF SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)

In fact a detailed account of Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) 's lives can not be covered even in big volumes. Just as we are today lacking in our other duties we owe to Islam, so are we very seriously neglectful in our respect and esteem of the Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم). We must remember that the Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) are those people who laid the foundations of Islam. They are the pioneers in Tabligh. We can never be too grateful to them. May Allah (جل جلاله) shower his choicest blessings on their souls for their efforts in acquiring Islam from the Prophet (صلى الله عليه وسلم) and handing it down to their successors.

There are many virtues and privileges of the Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) given in the Qur'an and Hadith. Allah (جل جلاله) says in His holy book,

"Muhammad is the Prophet (صلى الله عليه وسلم) of Allah (جل جلاله). And those with him are hard against the disbelievers and merciful among themselves. Thou (O, Muhammad) (صلى الله عليه وسلم) see-est them bowing and falling prostrate (in Salaat), seeking bounty from Allah (جل جلاله) and (His) acceptance.

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On their faces there are marks, being the traces of their prostration. Such is their likeness in the Torah and their likeness in Gospel; like as sown corn that sendeth forth its shoot and strengtheneth it and riseth firm upon it stalk, delighting the sowers—that He may enrage the disbelievers with (the sight of) them. Allah ( جل جلاله ) has promised, unto such of them as believe and do good works, His forgiveness and immense reward. (29 AL-FA)."

- 2) Allah ( جل جلاله ) was well-pleased with the believers when they swore allegiance unto thee beneath the tree and He knew what was in their hearts, and He sent down peace and reassurance on them and rewarded them with a near victory. And much booty that they will capture. Allah ( جل جلاله ) is ever Mighty, Wise. (XLVIII : 18 : 19)"
- 3) Of the believers are men who are true to what they covenanted with Allah ( جل جلاله ). Some of them have paid their vow by death (in battle), and some of them are still waiting to receive their martyrdom: and they have not altered in the least. (XXXIII: 23)
- 4) And the first to lead the way (in accepting Islam) among the Muhajirin and the Ansar,

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and those who followed them in sincerity, Allah (جَلَ جَلَلُهُ) is well pleased with them and they are well pleased with Him; and he hath made ready for them Gardens underneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide for ever. That is the supreme triumph. (IX : 100)"

In the above verses of the Qur'an Allah (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُمْ) has praised Sahaba (جَلَ جَلَلُهُ) and expressed His pleasure with them. Similarly the books of Hadith are full of their virtues e.g.:

- (1) Follow Abu Bakr and 'Umar (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُمْ) when I am no more with you.'
- (2) My Sahaba (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُمْ) are like (Guiding) stars. Whomsoever you follow, you will be guided (on the right path):"
- (3) "Likeness of my Sahaba (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُمْ) (among mankind is as the lieness of salt in the food. There is no relish in the food without the salt."
- (4) "Beware (of opening your tongue) in slighting my Sahaba (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُمْ). Do not make them the target fo your calumny. Who loves them loves them for his love for me, and who spites them spites them for his spite for me. Who

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annoys them, annoys me, and who annoys me annoys Allah (جَنَّ جَنَّةً). Allah (جَنَّ جَنَّةً) will very soon seize the person who annoys them."

(5) "Do not revile my Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم). If any of you (persons coming after Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)) has spent gold (in Sadaqah) equal in weight to Mount Uhud, he cannot get a reward equal to what my Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) get while spending one or half "Mudd" of grain only." (A 'Mudd' equal 1 ¾ lbs.)

(6) "on the person who reviles my Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) rests the curse of Allah (جَنَّ جَنَّةً) and of angels and of men combined. Neither his Fardh nor his Nafl is accepted by Allah (جَنَّ جَنَّةً)."

(7) "After the Prophet (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) s, Allah (جَنَّ جَنَّةً) has preferred my Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) above all His creation. He has again preferred four of my 'Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)' over the rest of them. They are Abu Bakr, 'Umar, 'Usman and Ali (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)."

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(8) "O, People! I am pleased with Abu Bakr. You should realize his rank. I am also pleased with 'Umar, Ali, 'Usman, Talhah, Zubair, Sa'ad, saeed, Abdur-Rehman-bin-Auf and Abu Ubaidah (رضي الله تعالى عنهم). You should realize their rank. O, people! Allah (جل جلاله) has announced the forgiveness of all those who participated in Uhud and who swore allegiance at Hudeybiah. O, people! You should have regard for me while dealing with my Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم), specially those who are my kindred by marriage. Beware doing wrong to them, lest they complain against you on the Day of Judgement and you may not be pardoned."

(9) "Have regard for men in dealing with my Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) and my kindred in marriage. The person who has regard for me shall be in the protection of Allah (جل جلاله) on the Day of Judgement. Allah (جل جلاله) is free of any obligation to him who has no regard for me. He may seize him any time.

(10) "On the Day of Judgement, I shall be the guardian of those who have regard for me in their dealing with my Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)."

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(11) "The person who has regard for me in his dealing with my Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم), shall be able to reach me, when I shall be at Kauthar; while the person who has no regard for me in his dealing with them shall not be able to approach me. He may have a look at me from a distance."

**Hazrat Ayub Sakhtiani (رحمه الله عليه) says:**

"Who loves Abu Bakr (رضي الله تعالى عنه), he establishes his faith. Who loves 'Umar (رضي الله تعالى عنه), he receives guidance on the right path. Whoso loves Usman (رضي الله تعالى عنه), he is illumined with the light of Allah (جل جلاله). Whoso loves Ali (رضي الله تعالى عنه), he holds fast to the cable of Allah (جل جلاله). Whoso honours Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم), he can never be a Munafiq. Whoso reviles them, he is surely an innovator of Munafiq or an anti-Sunnat. No good action of such person, I am afraid, will be accepted by Allah (جل جلاله) until he cleans his heart of their spite, and begins to love all for them."

**Hazrat Sahl-bin-Abdullah (رحمه الله عليه) says;**

"He, who does not honour Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم), has actually not believed in the Prophet (صل الله عليه وسلم)."

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## **QUESTION**

Do you know Who is a  
Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ?

## **ANSWER**

Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) is  
the one who saw Hazrat  
Muhammad (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ)  
or attended his noble  
company as a Muslim and  
died as a Muslim.

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## "FIRSTS" IN ISLAM

- 1 Who from amongst the adult companions of Rasulullah ( ﷺ ), was the **first** to accept Islam?
- 2 From amongst the children, who was the **first** to accept Islam?
- 3 From amongst the slaves, who was the **first** to accept Islam?
- 4 From amongst the women, who was the **first** to accept Islam?
- 5 Who was the very **first** to accept Islam from amongst the entire creation?
- 6 Which Sahabi ( رضي الله عنه ) was the **first** to create a sea-fleet and to develop NAVAL-power in Islam?
- 7 Who was the **first** officially-appointed and independent judge in Islam?
- 8 Who was the **first** to attach a door to his house in Makka-tul-Mukarramah?

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- 9 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was the **first** to be buried at Kufa (A city in Iraq)?
- 10 Who was the **first** male to be martyred in Islam?
- 11 Who was the **first** female to be martyred in Islam?
- 12 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was the **first** to be buried in the cemetery of Madina-tul-Munawwarah, Jannat-ul-Baqee?
- 13 Who was the **first** Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) to be named "Muhammad" after Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ)?
- 14 Who shot the **first** arrow in Islam? In the battle of "UHUD" he killed three mushrikeen (polytheists) with one arrow?
- 15 By whom was the **first** prison built in Islam?
- 16 Who was the **first** child to be born to the Muhajireen (emigrants) in Madina-tul-Munawwarah?
- 17 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was the **first** to

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be born to the Ansaar (Medinites) in Madinah?

- 18 Who was the **first** teacher of Islam sent to Madinah-tul-Munawwarah by Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَلٰيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ)?
- 19 By whom was the **first** masjid built in Islam at Quba?
- 20 Who was the **first** Sahabi (رَضِيَ اللّٰهُ تَعَالٰى عَنْهُ) to be martyred in the battle of "BADR"?
- 21 In which Sahabi's (رَضِيَ اللّٰهُ تَعَالٰى عَنْهُ) mouth did Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَلٰيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) **first** apply his blessed Saliva?
- 22 Which two Sahabis (رَضِيَ اللّٰهُ تَعَالٰى عَنْهُمَا) were the **first** to accept Islam from the Ansaar?
- 23 Who was the **first** horseman in Islam?
- 24 Which couple was the **first** to emigrate in the path of Allah (جَلَ جَلَلُهُ) to Abyssinia after the prophet Hazrat Lut (عَلٰيْهِ السَّلَامُ)?
- 25 Who was the **first** Sahabi (رَضِيَ اللّٰهُ تَعَالٰى عَنْهُ) to greet Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَلٰيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) with the Muslim code of greeting "Assalamu-Alaikum"

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Warahmatullah" (أَلْشَاءْمَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَرَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ) ?

26 Who was the **first** Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) to light a lamp in Masjid-e-Nabawi? When Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) saw this lamp, he exclaimed in exuberance "If I had a daughter, I would have given her hand in marriage to you!"

27 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was the **first** to accept Islam from Rome? He dearly wished to personally migrate to Madina-tul-Munawwarah with Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ), but due to some reasons he could not. However he was the **first** to migrate after Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ).

28 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was the **first** to raise his sword for the cause of Allah (جل جلاله) when the rumour had spread that Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) had been taken captive by the Quraish?

29 Who was the **first** Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) to recite the Quraan aloud to the Quraish?

30 Who was the **first** Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) who pledged allegiance to fight until death, when

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the Muslims were barred from entering Makkatul-Mukarramah on the occasion of "Hudybiyah"?

31 The wives of Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم) once asked him "Who from amongst us will join you **first**?".

Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم) replied "The one with the longest hands". Hazrat Saudah (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہا) had the one with the longest hands but she was not the first to pass away after Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم).

Then only did they realize that Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم) meant the one who spends the most in charity! What was her name?

32 He was the **first** in Islam to compile a book on Ahadith called "SADIQAH" in the time of Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم).

33 Who was that Sahabi (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) who pioneered the **first** raid in Islam on the Kuffar after the Muslims had been granted permission to defend themselves?

34 Who was the **first** to call out Azaan in the Kaabah?

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35 Who was a **first** woman of this ummat to memorize the entire Quran?

36 He was the **first** to introduce the tradition of performing Namaaz before being executed. What was his name?

DID YOU KNOW THAT IBN ABBAS'S (رضي الله عنه) MOTHER WAS THE **FIRST** TO DRAPE THE KAABAH WITH A CLOTH?

**ANSWERS**

Note:- The first numeral denotes the name of the "KITAAB" from which the answer had been extracted. A list of these has been provided at the end of this book. "V" denotes volume No. and "P" denotes Page No. "Hazrat" should be read before each name.

**1. "FIRSTS" IN ISLAM**

- 1 H. ABU BAKR (رضي الله عنه) .....(1 P. 109)
- 2 H. ALI BIN ABU TALIB (رضي الله عنه) .....(1 P. 109)
- 3 H. ZAID BIN HARISA (رضي الله عنه) .....(1 P. 109)
- 4 H. KHADIJA-TUL-KUBRA (رضي الله عنها) .....(1 P. 109)
- 5 H. KHADIJA-TUL-KUBRA (رضي الله عنها) .....(3 P. 616)
- 6 H. MUAWIYA (رضي الله عنه) .....(24 V.2 P. 47)
- 7 H. ZAID BIN SABIT (رضي الله عنه) .....(24 V.2 P. 24)
- 8 H. SUHAIL BIN AMR (رضي الله عنه) .....(18 V.4 P. 178)
- 9 H. KHABBAB BIN AL-ARAT (رضي الله عنه) .....(20 V.1 P. 26)
- 10 H. HARIS (رضي الله عنه)
- 11 H. SUMAYYA (رضي الله عنها) .....(8 P. 353)
- 12 H. USMAN BIN MAZOON (رضي الله عنه) .....(2 P. 602)
- 13 H. MUHAMMAD BIN HATIB AL-JUMAHI (رضي الله عنه) .....(4)
- 14 H. SAAD BIN ABI WAQQAS (رضي الله عنه) .....(8 P. 715)

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15 H. ALI BIN ABI TAALIB (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....  
16 H. ABDULLAH IBN ZUBAIR (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(2 P. 362)  
17 H. NUMAN BIN BASHEER (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....  
18 H. MUSAB BIN UMAIR (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....  
19 H. AMMAR BIN YASIR (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....  
20 H. UMAIR BIN AL-HUMAM (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....  
21 H. ABDULLAH IBN ZUBAIR (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(2 P. 605)  
22 H. MAAZ BIN HARIS  
    H. RAFI BIN MALIK (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(2 P. 616)  
23 H. MIQDAD BIN ASWAD (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....  
24 H. USMAN AND RUQAYYA (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(8 P. 436)  
25 H. ABU ZAR GHIFARI (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(8 P. 360)  
26 H. TAMEEM-E-DARI (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(2 P. 588)  
27 H. SHOAIB-E-ROOMI (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(9 V.1 P. 8)  
28 H. ABU ABDULLAH ZUBAIR  
    H. AL-AWAM (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(9 V.1 P. 18)  
29 H. ABDULLAH IBN MASOOD (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(9 V.4 P. 3)  
30 H. ABU SINAN AL-ASADY (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(2 P. 165)  
31 H. ZAINAB (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(2 P. 213)  
32 H. ABDULLAH IBN AMR AL-AAS (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....  
33 H. ABDULLAH IBN JAHASH (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(8 P. 306)  
34 H. BILAL (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(3 P. 451)  
35 H. AISHA SIDDIQA (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....  
36 H. KHUBAIB (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(5 V.2 P. 586)

## **INTERESTING FACTS RELATING TO THE BELOVED WIVES OF RASULULLAH (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ)**

- I Who were the two wives of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) upon whom Allah (جَلَّ جَلَالَهُ) conveyed his Salaams?
- I Which wife of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) left her turn for Hazrat Aisha (رضيَ اللهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهَا)?
- I Umar (رضيَ اللهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ) once saw one of the wives of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) walking at night-time with the intention of relieving herself. He did not approve of this unnecessary exposure and upon this the verse of purdah (veiling was revealed in the Quran).  
Who was the blessed wife of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ).
- I Who was the only Virgin wife of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) at the time of her marriage?
- I To which wife did Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) pronounce a single divorce upon which Hazrat Jibreel (عَنْيَوَالسَّلَامُ) pleaded with Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) to revoke it on account of her

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piety and for the sake of Hazrat Umar (رضي الله عنهما عنة).

What was this fortunate lady's name?

- 6 Because of which wife of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) was the verse pertaining to "Tayammum" (Dry Ablution) revealed in the Quran?
- 7 Which wife of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) received the most dowry, four thousand silver coins?
- 8 Which wife of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) was known as "Ummul Masaakeen" (mother of the Destitute)? She only had the opportunity of staying with Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) for eight months after which she was martyred and mutilated in the battle of "Uhud" by the polytheists.
- 9 Which blessed wife of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) saw him in a dream in a distressed condition when Hazrat Husain (رضي الله عنهما عنة) was martyred on the plains of 'Karbala'?
- 10 Which wife of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) saw a portion of the moon falling into her lap in a dream?...Kinanah-her former husband on

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## CHAPTER 2

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hearing this dream severely struck her and exclaimed "You seem to be desiring to become the wife of the king of Madinah".

- 11 Which wife was chosen for marriage to Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) by Allah (جل جلالہ) Himself after she was divorced by Hazrat Zaid Ibn-e-Harisa (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) ?
- 12 Which wife of Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) married him on a certain place and passed-away on the very same place at the ripe old age of 81?
- 13 Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) would be with her under one sheet and yet receive wahee (Protected Revelation). She was the one whose picture Hazrat Jibreel (عليہ السلام) would bring on a silken cloth to Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) saying "This will be your future bride" Mention has also been made in the Quran regarding her chastity. What was her name?
- 14 Who were her only two wives of Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) who passed-away in his lifetime?
- 15 Which wife of Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) was a descendent of Hazrat Haroon (عليہ السلام). The brother of Hazrat Moosa (عليہ السلام) ?

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## CHAPTER 2

16 Whom did Rasulullah ( ﷺ ) take as his second wife after the death of Hazrat KHADIJA-TUL-KUBRA (رضي الله تعالى عنها) ?

### ANSWERS

### INTERESTING FACTS RELATING TO THE BELOVED WIVES OF RASUL ( ﷺ )

- 1 H. AISHA & KHADIJA (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(2 P. 573)
- 2 H. SAUDAH BINT ZAMA AH (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(3 P. 614)
- 3 H. SAUDAH BINT ZAMA AH (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(3 P. 615)
- 4 H. AISHA BINT ABU BAKR (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(3 P. 613)
- 5 H. HAFSAH BINT UMAR (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(3 P. 618)
- 6 H. AISHA BINT ABU BAKR (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(3 P. 184)
- 7 H. UMME HABIBA (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(3 P. 654)
- 8 H. ZAINAB BINT KHUZA[MAH] (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(3 P. 619)
- 9 H. UMME SALMAH BINT H. ABU UMMAYYA (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(3 P. 620)
- 10 H. SAFIYYA BINT HUYAY (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(3 P. 645)
- 11 H. ZAINAB BINT JAHASH (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(3 P. 627)
- 12 H. MAYMOONAH BINT HARIS (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(3 P. 648)
- 13 H. AISHA BINT ABU BAKR (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(3 P. 615)
- 14 H. KHADIJA AND ZAINAB (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(20 V.1 P. 207)
- 15 H. SAFIYYA (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(20 V.1 P. 212)
- 16 H. SAUDAH BINT ZAMA AH (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(3 P. 614)

## **TITLES OF SOME FAMOUS SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)**

- 1 Hazrat Abu Huraira (رضي الله تعالى عنه) is a famous sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) who was known by this title. More than 40 versions of his name is recorded. Name only one of his more accepted names.
- 2 What was Hazrat Abu Bakr's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) name?
- 3 What was Hazrat Ali's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) title?
- 4 What was Hazrat Abdullah Ibn Masood's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) title?
- 5 What was Hazrat Jafar's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) title?
- 6 Hazrat Abu Ayyoob Ansari (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was a title of a famous sahabi. What was his name?
- 7 Hazrat Abu Bakra (رضي الله تعالى عنه) is a title of a famous sahabi. What was his name?
- 8 Hazrat Abu Mahzoorah (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was a title of a known Moazzin of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ). What was his name?

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9 Hazrat Umme Hani (رضي الله تعالى عنها) was a title of a sahabiya well liked by Rasulullah (صل الله علیہ وسلم). What was her name?

10 Whose title was "ATEEQ" (The liberated one)?

11 Which Sahabiya (رضي الله تعالى عنها) was known as "Humayraa" (Little Red one)?

12 What was the name of Ummul-Momineen. Hazrat Umme Salma (رضي الله تعالى عنها)?

13 What was the name of Ummul-Momineen. Hazrat Umme Habiba (رضي الله تعالى عنها)?

14 Who was known as "Zul-yadayn" (The one with long hands)?  
He was that same Sahabi who detected Rasulullah (صل الله علیہ وسلم) slip-up in Namaaz when he had performed a rakaat less.

15 Who is known as the "yusuf (عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامُ)" of this ummat? Hazrat Umar (رضي الله تعالى عنه) named him this due to his breathtaking handsomeness.

16 Abu Sufyan was a prominent leader of the Makkans who later embraced Islam.  
What was his name?

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**ANSWERS****TITLES OF SOME  
FAMOUS SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)**

1. H. ABDULLAH IBN SAKHAR (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) .....(2 P. 622)
2. H. ABDULLAH IBN USMAN (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) .....(2 P. 76)
3. H. ABU TURAAB (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) .....(2 P. 78)
4. H. IBN UMME ABD (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) .....(2 P. 577)
5. H. ABUL MISKEEN (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) .....(2 P. 570)
6. H. KHALID IBN ZAID (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) .....(2 P. 586)
7. H. NUFE BIN HARIS (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) .....(2 P. 587)
8. H. SAMURA BIN MIYAR (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) .....(2 P. 618)
9. H. FAAKHTA BINT ABU TAALIB (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) .....(2 P. 623)
10. H. ABU BAKR (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) .....(2 P. 556)
11. H. AISHA (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(2 P. 560)
12. H. HIND BINT ABU UMAYYA (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(2 P. 599)
13. H. RAMLAH BINT ABU SUFYAN (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(2 P. 592)
14. H. UMAR BIN KHIRBAQ (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(2 P. 594)
15. H. JAREER BIN ABDULLAH (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(2 P. 14)
16. H. SAKHAR IBN HARB AMAWI (رضي الله تعالى عنها) ... (5 V-2 P. 568)

## **OUTSTANDING VIRTUES OF SOME SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)**

- 1 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was known to be the most obedient to his mother?
- 2 Regarding which poet did Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) say that his quatrains contains the most poetry? This Poet when embracing Islam discarded all his poetry and said "The Quran is sufficient for my salvation". What was his name?
- 3 For which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) did Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) make dua of Barakat (Blessings) in his trade? It is said that, Had he sold soil, he would also make a profit. What was his name?
- 4 Which two Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) were known as mustajab-ud-dawat? (Whose duas were definitely accepted).
- 5 Through which Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) suggestion was Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) buried in his own house?

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- 1. Which Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) features resembled that of Hazrat Isa (عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامُ) the most?
- 2. Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was known to have a booming voice? It is said that his shout could be heard over a distance of 8 miles?
- 3. For which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) did Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) make this dua, "O Allah (جل جلاله)! make him a guider (towards truth) and guided (himself) and spread guidance through him".
- 4. Whose funeral bier was the lightest from amongst the Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)?
- 5. The best women of the previous ummat were Maryam (رضي الله تعالى عنها) and Aasiyah (رضي الله تعالى عنها). Wife of Firoun. Name the three best women of this ummat.
- 6. Which women did Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) seen in Jannat, on the occasion of Miraaj?
- 7. Concerning which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) did Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) remark, "Believe whatever he Says", and "If I were to appoint a leader over you without consultation, I

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would have appointed him".

- 13 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was the most liked by Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم)?
- 14 Which Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) face had a striking resemblance to that of Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم)?
- 15 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) did Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) regarded as "Pious Company"?
- 16 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was protected from Shaytaan by Allah (جل جلاله)?
- 17 Whose opinion was revealed in the Quran on 20 occasions?
- 18 From which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) would the angels observe modesty?  
Such was his modesty that after having greeted Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) with his hands, he never touched his private-parts thereafter with his right hand.
- 19 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) would the angels greet?

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١٠ When this Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) intended to perform Umrah Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) requested him to make dua for him! What was this dynamic Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) name?

١١ In the battle of the "Trench" which Sahabi (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) invited Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) for meals? Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) brought along the entire army and the food which was meant for three sufficed for them all.

١٢ To which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) did a wolf deliver the message of Islam upon which he accepted Islam?

١٣ In whose form did Jibreel (عليه السلام) sometimes appear with revelation? He was an extremely handsome Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه).

١٤ He was a fortune-teller before accepting Islam. His jinnats persuade him for 3 consecutive days of the necessity of embracing Islam on the hands of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ). Heeding their advice he embraced Islam. What was his name?

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25 While worshipping the idols, the idols twice encouraged him to embrace Islam. Having no alternative he accepted the idols plea and embraced Islam.  
What was this Sahabi's (رضي الله عنه) name?

26 Which Sahabi (رضي الله عنه) used to recite 12,000 times istighfaar daily?  
He owned a Tasbeeh (Rosary) comprising of a 1000 knots and he would never allow himself sleep until he had completed the entire rosary.

27 Which Sahabi (رضي الله عنه) used to recite the entire Quran in one rakaat?  
Two manuscripts of the Quran, become totally worn out by his excessive recitation. Finally he was martyred while reciting the Quran, his blood spilling on its open pages.

28 On the Occasion of Miraj (Ascension), Rasulullah (صلی الله علیہ وسلم) heard somebody's footsteps before him in Jannat.  
(رضي الله عنه) This was due to this Sahabi's habit of making wudhu (Ablution) whenever he broke and perform salaat.  
What was this elevated Sahabi's (رضي الله عنه) name.

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١٠ At the suggestion of this Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه), the trench was dug on the outskirts of Madinah-tul-Munawwarah on the occasion of the battle of the "TRENCH". What was this intelligent Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) name?

١١ Eleven Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) saw the Azaan being delivered in their dreams. Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) narrated it first to Rasulullah (صل الله علیہ وسلم)?

١٢ From which two orphans did Rasulullah (صل الله علیہ وسلم) Purchase the piece of land for the construction of Masjid-e-Nabawi?

١٣ In the battle of "BADAR" his sword broke. Rasulullah (صل الله علیہ وسلم) gave him a piece of wood which immediately turned into a perfect and glittering sword. What was this fortunate Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) name?

١٤ In Rasulullah's (صل الله علیہ وسلم) last Ramadhaan on this earth, he recited the Quran twice to Jibreel (رضي الله تعالى عنه). Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was also present during this recitation?

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34 Which daughter of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) would be the leader of the ladies in Jannat? She passed-away only 6 months after Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) demise due to extreme sorrow for him.

35 Concerning which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) did Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) prophesize that he would wear the gold-bangles of Chosroes 'emperor of Persia'? This prophecy was fulfilled in the reign of Hazrat Umar (رضي الله تعالى عنه).

36 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) could dig the sideward grave (lahd) the best? He also dug Rasulullah's (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) grave.

37 Jannat will whole-heartedly welcome him and fling all 8 doors open for him. Rasulullah's (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) advisors from the sky are Jibreel (عليه السلام) and Mikaeel (عليه السلام) and he is Rasulullah's (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) advisor on this earth. He holds the greatest status in this ummat after Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ). What was this virtuous Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) name?

38 Rasulullah's (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) features are recorded

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in detail in the Torah (Old-Testament).

On seeing Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) this Jewish – Scholar exclaimed:- "My recognition of Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) was more clear than the recognition of my own son".

What was his name?

- 9 On his death the throne of Allah (جل جلاله) shook.  
70,000 angels attended his funeral. The crowd was so intense that Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) had to tip-toe and tread gently.  
What was this Sahabi's (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) name?
- 10 Hazrat Abu Bakr's (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) name has been mentioned by indication in the Quran. Which Sahabi's (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) name has been clearly mentioned?
- 11 He was martyred in the battle of "Muta". He later became known as ZUL-JANAHAIN (The winged one) because Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) remarked about him "Allah (جل جلاله) has granted him two wings in place of his arms. He flies in Jannat wherever he wishes". What was his name?
- 12 Which Sahabi (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) was a Muhajir

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(Emigrant) as well as an Ansaari (Host)?  
More, he was a slave as well as a free-person.  
He ranked from the top-level Qurra (expert  
in the recitation of the Quran).  
What was his name?

43 The Mushrikeen through him into a fire. Upon this Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم) supplicated: "O Fire! Become peaceful and cool upon him just as how you did to Ebrahim (علیہ السلام)". What was this Sahabi's (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) name who did not burn in the fire?

44 Name those two Sahabah (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہما) who's staff became illuminated through the dua of Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم)? They received light through it on a very dark night in Madina when they had come to the Masjid from a distant place.

45 He was completely blind. Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم) rubbed some of his spittle into his eyes. His eyesight was regained and till the end of his life he could thread a cotton into a needle-head.  
What was his name?

46 When relieving himself in the jungle a rat

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came and left a gold coin before him. The rat made 17 trips from his hole to this Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) thus leaving 17 gold-coins before him. Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) granted him permission to use it.

Before all the coins were exhausted he was a rich man.

What was this fortunate Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) name?

- ٤٧ Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) held the standard (flag) of Islam in the unit of Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) on the occasion of the conquest of Makkah?
- ٤٨ Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was seen eating out-of-season grapes in his prison cell when he was treacherously captured by the KUFFAR?
- ٤٩ Which Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) horse had started jumping restlessly whilst he was reciting the Quran on account of the presence of angels listening?
- ٥٠ Which Sahabiyah (رضي الله تعالى عنها) is known as "The lady of the Battle of Uhud"?
- ٥١ Hazrat Umar's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) sister played

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an important role in his accepting Islam when he was on his way to assassinate Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم).  
(صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم).

What was her name?

52 Once Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) received a gold-chain from the Najashi, king of Abyssynnia.  
Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) said, "I shall give this necklace to whom I love most".  
To whom did Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) give this necklace?

53 Which Sahabi (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) payed for the plot upon which Masjid-e-Nabawi was built?

54 Which Sahabi's (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) eyes were so sharp that he could aim an arrow at his enemies in the dark?

55 This Sahabi (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) was most particular in following all the sunnats of Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم). It took him 8 years to memorize Surah-e-Baqarah because only after putting each and every verse into practice, would be proceed learning the next verse.  
He had freed 1000 slaves, performed 70 Hajj and 1000 Umrahs.

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What was this auspicious Sahabi's name? (رضي الله تعالى عنه)

16. Hazrat Dawood (عليه السلام) possessed such a melodious voice that when he used to recite the Torah the birds and the mountains used to recite with him (surah Saba Ayat, 10). Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) did Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) praise saying, "You have been bestowed with the beautiful voice of Dawood (عليه السلام)?"
17. For which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) did Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) make this dua, "O Allah (جل جلاله) teach him accounting and writing, and save him from the punishment"? He also a scribe of revelation.
18. Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) said concerning these two Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنهما) "I love them most from my household". "They are the flowers of this world", and "They are the youth of Jannat". What were their names?
19. Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was known to be the most just?

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60 Once Rasulullah ( ﷺ ) announced  
Whoever guarantees me that he will never  
ask for anything from anybody, I will take the  
responsibility of him attaining Jannat".  
This was the same Sahabi ( رضي الله تعالى عنه ) who  
was once guided by a lion towards his camp  
when he had lost his way.  
What was his name?

61 Allah ( جل جلاله ) mentions in the Quran that  
only a few people know the exact number of  
"The people of the cave".  
Which Sahabi ( رضي الله تعالى عنه ) claimed that he  
was from amongst those few people?

62 For which Sahabi ( رضي الله تعالى عنه ) did Rasulullah  
( ﷺ ) perform funeral-prayers seventy  
times, because he was His most beloved uncle?

63 When Rasulullah ( ﷺ ) wished to pair  
in brotherhood the Muhajireen and the Ansaar,  
at whose house did he gather all the Sahaba  
( رضي الله تعالى عنهم ) for this purpose?

64 Which Sahabi ( رضي الله تعالى عنه ) possessed the  
quality of Abstinence that of Hazrat Isa  
( عليه السلام )?

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4.5 Rasulullah's ( ﷺ ) neighbours in Makkah would severely harrass and intimidate him. All of them died as non-believers but for one. Name him.

4.6 After being treacherously killed by the KUFFAR, they intended to chop his body up in small pieces. Allah ( جل جلاله ) sent a swarm of wasps to protect his body which was later swallowed into the ground.  
What was this divinely-protected Sahabi's ( رضي الله تعالى عنه ) name?

**ANSWERS****OUTSTANDING VIRTUES  
OF SOME SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)**

- 1 H. HARISA BIN NUMAN (رسول الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 419)
- 2 H. LABEED (رسول الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 409)
- 3 H. URWAH BIN ABI AL-JAD (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 254)
- 4 H. SAEED BIN ZAID (رسول الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 546)
- 5 H. SAAD BIN ABI WAQQAS (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 578)
- 6 H. ABU BAKR SIDDIQ (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 537)
- 7 H. URWAH BIN MASOOD (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 481)
- 8 H. ABBAS (رسول الله تعالى عنه) ..... (14 P. 157)
- 9 H. MUAAWIYAH (رسول الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 579)
- 10 H. MUAAZ BIN JABAL (رسول الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 578)
- 11 H. FATIMA, H. KHADIIJA  
AND H. AISHA (رسول الله تعالى عنهن) ..... (2 P. 573)
- 12 H. UMME SULAIM WIFE OF  
H. ABU TALHA ANSAARI (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 574)
- 13 H. ABDULLAH IBN MASOOD (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 578)
- 14 H. ALT (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 570)
- 15 H. HASAN (رسول الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 571)
- 16 H. ABU HURAIRA (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 578)
- 17 H. AMMAR (رسول الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 578)
- 18 H. UMAR BIN KHATTAB (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (19)
- 19 H. USMAN BIN AFFAN (رسول الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 607)
- 20 H. IMRAN BIN HUSAIN (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 607)

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11 H. UMAR BIN KHATTAB (رضي الله عنه) ..... (2 P. 195)

11 H. JABIR BIN ABDULLAH (رضي الله عنه) ..... (2 P. 195)

11 H. UHBAH BIN AUS (رضي الله عنه) ..... (5 V.2 P. 600)

11 H. DAHYA AL-KALBI (رضي الله عنه) ..... (2 P. 508)

11 H. SAWAAD BIN QAARIB (رضي الله عنه) ..... (11 P. 72)

11 H. ZAMAAN BIN AZOOBAH (رضي الله عنه) ..... (11 P. 71)

11 H. ABU HURAIRA (رضي الله عنه) ..... (20 V.1 P. 147)

11 H. USMAN BIN AFFAN (رضي الله عنه) ..... (20 V.2 P. 46)

11 H. BILAL (رضي الله عنه) ..... (2 P. 195)

11 H. SALMAN FARSY (رضي الله عنه) ..... (2 P. 195)

11 H. ABDULLAH BIN ZAID

    H. IBN ABD-E-RABBIHI (رضي الله عنه) ..... (9 V.2 P. 7)

11 H. SAHL AND SUHAIL (رضي الله عنه) ..... (2 P. 195)

11 H. UKASHA BIN MIHSAN (رضي الله عنه) ..... (2 P. 666)

11 H. ZAID BIN SABIT (رضي الله عنه) ..... (2 P. 195)

11 H. FATIMA (رضي الله عنها) ..... (2 P. 195)

11 H. SURAQAH BIN JUHSHUM (رضي الله عنه) ..... (1 P. 155)

11 H. ABU TAIHA ANSARI (رضي الله عنه) ..... (3 P. 587)

11 H. ABU BAKR SIDDIQ (رضي الله عنه) ..... (2 P. 195)

11 H. ABDULLAH IBN SALAAM (رضي الله عنه) ..... (14 P. 21)

11 H. SAAD BIN MAAZ (رضي الله عنه) ..... (2 P. 26)

11 H. ZAID (رضي الله عنه) ..... (2 P. 195)

11 H. JAFAR BIN ABU TALIB (رضي الله عنه) ..... (1 P. 310)

11 H. MAQAL BIN SINAN (رضي الله عنه) ..... (1 P. 194)

11 H. AMMAR BIN YAASIR (رضي الله عنه) ..... (6 P. 230)

11 H. USAID BIN HUDAIR

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45 H. FUDAYK BIN AMAR (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(6 P. 236)
46 H. MTQDAD BIN AMR (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(9 V.2 P. 24)
47 H. ABU ABDULLAH ZUBAIR (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(9 V.1 P. 22)
48 H. KHUBAIB (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(9 V.4 P. 15)
49 H. USAID BIN HUDAIR ASHALI (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(9 V.4 P. 51)
50 H. UMME AMMARAH (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(9 V.3 P. 71)
51 H. FATIMA BINT KHATTAB (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(9 V.3 P. 81)
52 H. UMAMAH BINT ABUL AAS (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(9 V.3 P. 126)
53 H. ABU AYYUB ANSARI (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(9 V.2 P. 7)
54 H. HUZAIFA BIN AL-YAMAN (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(9 V.2 P. 54)
55 H. ABDULLAH BIN UMAR (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(9 V.2 P. 54)
56 H. MOOSA ASHARI (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(2 P. 575)
57 H. MUAWIYAH BIN ABU SUFYAN (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(16 V.3 P. 14)
58 H. HASAN AND HUSAIN (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(2 P. 570)
59 H. ALI BIN ABI TALIB (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(2 P. 570)
60 H. SAUBAN (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(2 P. 163)
61 H. ABDULLAH IBN ABBAS (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(14 P. 243)
62 H. HAMZAH (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(8 P. 718)
63 H. TALHA AND UMME SULAIM (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(9 V.3 P. 109)
64 H. ABU ZAR GHIFARI (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(2 P. 579)
65 H. HIKM BIN ABIL AAS (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(3 P. 98)
66 H. AASIM BIN SABIT (رضي الله تعالى عنه)	.....(5 V.2 P. 569)

## **INCREDIBLE FEATS OF SOME SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)**

- 1 He could run faster than a horse and his shout could be heard over a distance of 5 miles. On the occasion of "The treaty of Hudaybiah" this same Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) took the oath of allegiance of fight until death thrice upon the blessed hands of Rasulullah (صل الله علیہ وسلم). What was this brave Sahabi's name?
- 2 This Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنہ) was the spokesman in the court of Negus when the Quraish sent a delegation to bring the Muslims back to Makkah. After an inspiring speech he recited some verses from the Quran upon which the king himself broke down into tears and he granted the Muslims refuge in his land. What was this eloquent Sahabi's name?
- 3 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنہ) had diligently offered his services to Rasulullah (صل الله علیہ وسلم) for ten years? During this entire period Rasulullah (صل الله علیہ وسلم) never as much scolded or frowned at him.

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4 Who was the only person who managed tracking down Rasulullah ( ﷺ ) and Hazrat Abu Bakr ( رضي الله تعالى عنهما ) on the occasion of Hijrat?  
He later became a Muslim.

5 In the battle of the "Trench", Rasulullah ( ﷺ ) had gathered all the women-folk in a fort.  
Which Sahabiya ( رضي الله تعالى عنها ) killed the jew with a peg of a tent, severed his head from his body and then threw it over the wall, when he came to make mischief with the women?

6 Which Sahabi ( رضي الله تعالى عنه ) spotted "DAJJAL" in the sea when they were stranded on an Island after being shipwrecked?

7 Which Sahabi ( رضي الله تعالى عنه ) intercepted Hazrat Umar ( رضي الله تعالى عنه ) on his way to assassinate Rasulullah ( ﷺ ) and deflected him to his sister's house?

8 Who was the commander of the "AL-AMBAR" expedition in which a huge whale was thrown out of the sea for the starving Sahaba ( رضي الله تعالى عنهم )?  
This fish was their provision for the next 18

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days and Rasulullah ( ﷺ ) also partook of it.

- 1) Which two youngsters killed Abu Jahl, one of the greatest enemies of Islam, in the battle of "BADAR"?
- 2) Which Sahabi ( رضي الله تعالى عنه ) while performing Salaat in his orchard was distracted by a bird caught up in the dense foliage? He thus lost count of the number of RAKAATS he had performed. He became so grieved over this that he gave his entire orchard away in charity.
- 3) Before embracing Islam, he lived in the lap of luxury wearing clothes that cost more than 200 silver-coins. After accepting Islam he was martyred in the battle of "UHUD" and did not even have sufficient clothes to enshroud his naked body. What was his name?
- 4) Which Sahabi ( رضي الله تعالى عنه ) killed Musailamah-Al-Kazzab. The daring imposter who claimed prophethood. The same Sahabi ( رضي الله تعالى عنه ), said to be Rasulullah's ( ﷺ ) most beloved uncle, before embracing Islam.

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13 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) mastered the language of Syraic in 17 days and Hebrew in an astonishing 15 days?

14 In the battle of "UHUD", two links of Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) helmet became lodged in his blessed face.  
Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) pulled them out with his teeth, thus losing two teeth in the process?

15 Which Sahabiya (رضي الله تعالى عنها) used to take active and prominent part in all the Jihads by Nursing the wounded and carrying off the martyred?  
She would also exhort and coax the Muslims to fight bravely and fearlessly.

16 On the occasion of "Hudaybiyah", Rasulullah's (صلى الله عليه وسلم) army was barred from entering Makkah. Urwah, a disbeliever came to observe the Muslim army and would occasionally tug at Rasulullah's (صلى الله عليه وسلم) beard. Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) struck Urwah's hand in anger?

17 In the battle of "MUTA", Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) appointed three commanders

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who were all martyred. Name them.

Khalid Bin Walid (رضي الله تعالى عنه) then assumed leadership and broke nine swords.

18 On the day of "UHUD" Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) held up his sword and announced, "Who will take and fulfil its rights". Which brave Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) took it?

19 He shielded Rasulullah's (صلى الله عليه وسلم) head with his own until one of his eyes fell out of its socket. Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) replaced the eyes and supplicated to Allah (جل جلاله) thus "O Allah (جل جلاله)! he was shielded your prophet's (صلى الله عليه وسلم) face, cure his eye and increase his eyesight". What was this Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) name?

20 Hazrat Abu Bakr (رضي الله تعالى عنه) contributed all his wealth towards the expedition of "TABUK", while Hazrat Umar (رضي الله تعالى عنه) had contributed exactly half. Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) fulfilled the needs of one third of the entire army?

21 Khaybar was the stronghold of the Jews in Arabia. Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) said: "Tomorrow I will give the standard to a man

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who loves Allah (جَلَّ جَلَلُهُ) and his apostle and he will conquer the fort (of Khaibar)". This Sahabi (رضي الله عنهما) was suffering from ophthalmia and Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) applied spittle in his eyes upon which it was instantly cured.

Who was the conquerer of Khaibar?

22 Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) and his companions were ostracized in "SHEB ABU TALIB". A huge ravine, for a period of three years until they were forced to eat acacia leaves due to starvation. Meanwhile; White-Ants had eaten the entire document besides the word "Bismillah" which bore testimony to their imprisonment.  
Which Sahabi (رضي الله عنهما) tore-up the rest of the document which was hung on the Kaabah, after which the Muslims were free?

23 In the battle of "UHUD" he used his chest to shield Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ). Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) was much pleased with him and remarked "He is better than a hundred persons in the army".  
What was this courageous Sahabi's (رضي الله عنهما) name?

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24 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) played the leading role of slaying the head of the renegade who arose in the caliphate of Abu Bakr (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ? He had also conquered a major part of Iran with a small army.

25 During the last days of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) an imposter named "TOLAIHA" claimed prophethood. Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) did Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) dispatch to combat him?

26 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) during the siege of "TAIF" sustained an injury caused by an arrow in his eye. Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) said to him "If you wish, I can pray to Allah (جل جلاله) who will cure your eye in a wink, If not, Allah (جل جلاله) will grant you heaven instead". He opted for heaven. What was his name?

27 Which Sahabiya (رضي الله تعالى عنها) was the greatest poetess of her time? In the battle of "Qadsiyah" she exhorted all four of her sons with her poetry to gallantly fight in Jihad, as a result all 4 of them were martyred.

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28 Before the battle of "BADAR", three Sahabis (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) fought an individual sword combat against three KUFFAR. They killed all three of their opponents.  
What were their names?

29 On accepting Islam, his mother refused to eat and drink until her son did not turn apostate. Her son replied thus "If I were to possess a thousand souls and if all were to be extracted from my body, then too I will not renounce Islam".  
What was this inspired Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) name?

30 Which Sahabiya (رضي الله تعالى عنها) would use a strand of Rasulullah's (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) hair to cure the sick?

31 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) had a back which resembled that of a leper due to the KUFFARS endlessly whipping and dragging him over heaps of smouldering charcoal. His back was tortured the most for the sake of Islam.  
What was this steadfast Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) name?

32 Who was the only Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) to

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practice upon the verse "O you who believe, if you wish to converse with Rasulullah (صلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) then first give some charity", before it being abrogated?

**ANSWERS****INCREDIBLE FEATS  
OF SOME SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)**

- 1 H. SALAMAH IBN AKWA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (20 V.1 P. 228)
- 2 H. JAFAR BIN ABU TALIB (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (1 P. 122)
- 3 H. ANAS BIN MALIK (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (3 P. 606)
- 4 H. SURAQAH BIN MALIK (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (6 P. 216)
- 5 H. SAFIYA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (20 V.1 P. 189)
- 6 H. TAMEEM-E-DARI (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (9 V.3 P. 20)
- 7 H. SAAD BIN ABI WAQQAS (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (20 V.1 P. 29)
- 8 H. ABU UBAIDAH AL-JARRAH (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (20 V.1 P. 74)
- 9 H. MAAZ BIN AMR BIN JAMOOH  
H. MAAZ BIN AFRA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (8 P. 721)
- 10 H. ABU TALHA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (1 P. 399)
- 11 H. MUSAB BIN UMATR (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (20 V.1 P. 122)
- 12 H. WAHSHI (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (8 P. 719)
- 13 H. ZAID IBN SABIT (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (20 V.1 P. 239)
- 14 H. ABU UBAIDAH (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (20 V.1 P. 254)
- 15 H. RUBAYYI BINT MUAWWIZ (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (20 V.1 P. 200)
- 16 H. MUGHIRA BIN SHUBA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (8 P. 165)
- 17 H. ZAID BIN HARISA  
H. JAFAR BIN ABU TALIB (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) (6 P. 733)
- 18 H. DUJANAH SIMAK BIN KHARSHANA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)

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19 H. QATADAH IBN NUMAN .....	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(6 P. 235)
20 H. USMAN BIN AFFAN .....	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(8 P. 536)
21 H. ALI BIN ABU TALIB .....	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	
22 H. MUTIM BIN ADY .....	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	
23 H. ABU TALHA BIN SAHL .....	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(9 V.2 P. 24)
24 H. MUSANNA BIN HARISA .....	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(9 V.4 P. 26)
25 H. ZARRAR BIN ASWAR ASADI .....	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(9 V.4 P. 55)
26 H. ABU SUFYAN IBN HARB .....	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(9 V.4 P. 95)
27 H. KHANSA .....	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(9 V.3 P. 38)
28 H. HAMZAH, H. ALI AND H. UBAIDAH BIN HARIS .....	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(2 P. 343)
29 H. SAAD BIN ABI WAQQAS .....	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(14 P. 335)
30 H. UMME SALMAH .....	(رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....	(2 P. 391)
31 H. KHABBAB BIN AL-ARAT .....	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(9 P. 67)
32 H. ALI BIN ABU TALIB .....	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(14 P. 453)

**THOSE SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) HAVING SOME SPECIAL RELATION TO RASULULLAH (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ)**

- 1 Who bore Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) his son named, Ebrahim? Baraa (رضي الله تعالى عنها) used to play and show affection to the child, while his wife Umme Barda (رضي الله تعالى عنها) suckled him.
- 2 Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) had eleven uncles. Only two accepted Islam. Name them.
- 3 Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) had six aunts. Only one accepted Islam. Name her.
- 4 Who was Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) adopted son?
- 5 Name the four sons of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ).
- 6 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) was known as "RABIB-E-RASUL" Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) was his guardian?
- 7 Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) possessed more than twenty-seven male-slaves.

Name a few of them.

- 8 Which slave of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) later became his adopted son?
- 9 Which slave of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) was presented to him by Hazrat Abbas (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ)?
- 10 Which slave passed-away the day Hazrat Umar (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ) became Ameer-ul-Momineen?
- 11 Which slave used to distribute the water used by Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) for performing ablution amongst the Sahabi (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ)? Later he was gifted to Hazrat Abbas (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ).
- 12 Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) possessed seventeen female-slaves. Name a few of them.
- 13 Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) had eleven servants. Name a few of them.
- 14 Eight Sahabis (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ) served as Rasulullah's body-guards before the Ayat was revealed that Allah (جَلَّ جَلَلُهُ) would protect him from people. Name a few of them.

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## CHAPTER 6

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- 15 Name the four daughters of Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَلٰيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ).
- 16 Name those four women who suckled Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَلٰيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ).
- 17 From the thirteen scribes of Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَلٰيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ), Name a few.
- 18 Which Sahabi (رَضِيَ اللّٰهُ تَعَالٰى عَنْهُ) was known as "SAHIBE TAHOOR" (Supervisor of Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَلٰيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) hygienic needs)?  
He also used to also carry Rasulullah's (صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَلٰيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) miswaak and shoes for him.
- 19 Which Sahabiya (رَضِيَ اللّٰهُ تَعَالٰى عَنْهُ) would supervise the hygienic and personal needs of Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَلٰيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) eg, Bathing-water, sweeping etc?
- 20 After the occasion of "HUDAYBIYAH" Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَلٰيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) sent out letters to 16 different kings inviting them to Islam.  
Which Sahabi (رَضِيَ اللّٰهُ تَعَالٰى عَنْهُ) was sent to BAHRAIN?

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**ANSWERS****THOSE SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) HAVING SOME SPECIAL RELATION TO RASUL (صل الله عليه وسلم)**

- 1 H. MARIA QIBTIYYA (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(16 V.1 P. 3)
- 2 H. HAMZA & ABBAS (رضي الله تعالى عنهما) .....(11 P. 52)
- 3 H. SAFIYYAH (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(11 P. 52)
- 4 H. ZAID BIN HARIS (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(2 P. 569)
- 5 H. QASIM, H. ABDULLAH (TAYYIB)  
H. TAHIR & H. IBRAHIM (رضي الله تعالى عنهما) .....(14 P. 205)
- 6 H. UMAR BIN ABU SALMAH (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(2 P. 363)
- 7 H. ZAID BIN HARISA, H. ANAS,  
H. RABAH NOWBI, H. SAFEENA  
H. ZAKWAN, H. SANDAR, H. ABU ZAMEER  
H. ABU KABSHA (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(11 P. 53)
- 8 H. ZAID BIN HARISA (رضي الله تعالى عنه)
- 9 H. ABU RAFI ASLAMI (رضي الله تعالى عنه)
- 10 H. ABU KABSHA SALEEM (رضي الله تعالى عنه)
- 11 H. HUNAIN (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(3 P. 559)
- 12 H. SALMAH, H. UMME RAFI  
H. KHADRA, H. SHIRI, H. UMAYMA (رضي الله تعالى عنهما) .....(11 P. 54)
- 13 H. ANAS BIN MALIK, UQBAH  
BIN AMIR IBN MASOOD  
H. SAAD, H. BILAL (رضي الله تعالى عنهما) .....(11 P. 54)
- 14 H. SAAD BIN MAAZ,  
H. MUHAMMAD BIN MASLAMAH  
H. UBAD BIN BASHEER

## CHAPTER 6

14 H. ABU AYYUB (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(11 P. 55)

15 H. ZAINAB, H. RUQAYYAH, H. FATIMA  
AND H. UMME KULSOOM (رضي الله تعالى عنهن) .....(11 P. 49)

16 H. AAMINAH, H. SAUBIYAH  
H. HALEEMA, H. SADIYYAH AND  
H. UMME AYMAN (رضي الله تعالى عنهن) .....(11 P. 15)

17 THE 4 CALIPHS, H. MUAAWIYAH,  
H. UQBAH IBN AAMIR, H. ABDULLAH  
BIN ARQAM, H. KHALID BIN  
SAEED, H. ZAID BIN SABIT (رضي الله تعالى عنهن) .....(11 P. 57)

18 H. ABDULLAH BIN MASOOD (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(3 P. 606)

19 H. UMME AYMAN (رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....(3 P. 607)

20 H. ALAA HADRAMI (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(3 P. 430)

## **SOME SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) WHO HELD IMPORTANT POSITIONS IN THIS UMMAT**

- 1 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was known as the "Moazzin of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ)?"
- 2 Name three more moazzins of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ).
- 3 Who was known as the Orator of the Ansaar?
- 4 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) is known as the founder of "ILM-UN-NAHW" (Arabic Etymology)?
- 5 Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) advised us to learn the recitation of the Quran from 4 Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم). Name them.
- 6 Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) advised us to seek knowledge from 4 prominent Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم). Name them.
- 7 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was known as the "Poet of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ)?"

## CHAPTER 7

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- 8 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was known as "ZU SHAHADATAIN" (whose single evidence sufficed for two)?
- 9 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was known as "The sword of Allah (جل جلاله)"?
- 10 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) possessed the most knowledge in Islam with regard to Halaal and Haraam (Lawful and unlawful)?
- 11 From amongst the Tabieen, who was the most well versed in this field (Halaal and Haraam)?
- 12 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was known as "HIBRUL-UMMAT" (Most learned of this ummat) and as "RAISUL MUFFASSIREEN" (Most versatile in the commentary of the Quran)? This was largely due to Rasulullah's (صل الله عليه وسلم) supplication for him, "O Allah (جل جلاله) teach him the Quran and wisdom, and grant him understanding in religion".
- 13 Name the "Asshra-e-Mubasharah" (Those Ten Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنه) who received the glad tidings of Jannat in this world, in one breath).

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## CHAPTER 7

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14 Who was known as "ASAD-ULLAH" (The lion of Allah ( جل جلاله ) )?  
He was martyred at Uhud, brutally mutilated and his liver chewn by Hinda - wife of Abu Sufyan.

15 In which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) would Rasulullah (صل الله عليه وسلم) confide in telling him the names of the hypocrites?

16 He was the greatest Qari of this Ummat. So loftily was his status that Allah ( جل جلاله ) commanded Rasulullah (صل الله عليه وسلم) to recite the Quran to him, specially mentioning his name. He was chosen by Hazrat Umar ( رضي الله تعالى عنه ) in his Caliphate to lead the taraweeh prayers.  
What was his name?

17 Who was known as "AL AMEEN" (The most trustworthy) of this Ummat?

18 Which Sahabi ( رضي الله تعالى عنه ) was known as "HAWAIR-E-RASULULLAH". The disciple of Rasulullah (صل الله عليه وسلم)?

19 Which Sahabiya ( رضي الله تعالى عنها ) was known as "Ummul Fadi" (The mother of virtues)?

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## CHAPTER 7

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20 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was known as "ZU HIJRATAIN" (Undetaker of two migrations)?

21 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was known as "ZUN NUR" (Light bearer)?  
His face would first shine brilliantly through which he could clearly see at night-time, then this light was shifted to the end of his whip. Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) granted him this special privilege to aid him in propagating Islam.

22 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was known as "THE ORATOR OF Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ)?"

23 Name those three Mufassireen (commentators of the Quran) whose tafseer was accepted by one and all from amongst the Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنهم).

24 Which three Sahabis (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) are known as "ABADALAH-E-THALATHA" (Three Abdullahs)?

25 Which two Sahabis (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) are known as "SHAIKHAIN" (Two elders or learned ones)?

26 And which two Sahabis (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) as

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## CHAPTER 7

### "KHATANAIN" (Two Brothers-in-law)?

- 27 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was the most learned with regard to the laws of succession or inheritance?
- 28 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was known to be the most just?
- 29 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was known to be the most strict in matters of Religion?
- 30 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was known as "SAHIBUL-KITABAIN" (Bearer of two texts i.e. The Injeel and the Quran)?
- 31 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) married two daughters of Rasulullah (صل الله عليه وسلم) thus attaining the envious title of "ZUN-NURAIN" (Possessor of two lights)?
- 32 Which Sahabiya (رضي الله تعالى عنها) used to be known as "MOTHER OF Rasulullah" (صل الله عليه وسلم)?
- 33 Who did Rasulullah (صل الله عليه وسلم) send to NAJRAN as an instructor in Islamic studies in 9 A.H. who later became the governer of

Syria?

34 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was charged with the distribution of relief supplies in the devastating plague which occurred in Hazrat Umar's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) Caliphate in which 25,000 people lost their lives.

**ANSWERS****SOME SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) WHO HELD  
IMPORTANT POSITIONS IN THIS UMMAT**

- 1 H. BILAL (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) ..... (3 P. 306)
- 2 H. SAAD AL-QARZ,  
H. ABU MAHZOORA  
& H. IBN UMME MAKTOOM (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) ..... (3 P. 607)
- 3 H. SABIT BIN QAIS  
BIN SHAMMAS (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) ..... (2 P. 576)
- 4 H. ALI (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) OR H. ABUL-ASWAD  
BIN UMAR DUALY (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) ..... (17 P. 186)
- 5 H. ABDULLAH BIN MASOOD, H. SALIM  
H. MOULA ABU HUZAIFA, H. UBAY BIN  
KAAB AND H. MAAZ BIN JABAL (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) .... (2 P. 574)
- 6 H. UWAYMIR, H. SALMAN, H. IBN MASOOD  
& H. ABDULLAH BIN SALAAM (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) ..... (2 P. 579)
- 7 H. HASSAN IBN SABIT (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)
- 8 H. KHUZATMAH BIN SABIT (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) ..... (2 P. 276)
- 9 H. KHALID BIN WALID (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) ..... (2 P. 592)
- 10 H. MAAZ BIN JABAL (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)
- 11 H. SAEED BIN MUSAYYAB (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)
- 12 H. ABDULLAH IBN ABBAS (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)
- 13 H. ABU BAKR, H. UMAR, H. USMAN, H. ALI,  
H. ABDURRAHMAN BIN AUF, H. ABU

## CHAPTER 7

UBAIDULLAH IBN AL-JARRAH,  
H. TALHA BIN UBAIDULLAH, H. ZUBAIR  
BIN AWAM, H. SAEED BIN ZAID,  
H. SAAD BIN ABI WAQQAS (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (7 P. 6)  
14 H. HAMZAH (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (8 P. 718)  
15 H. HUZAIFA (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 578)  
16 H. UBAY BIN KAAB (رضي الله تعالى عنه)  
17 H. ABU UBAIDAH IBN AL JARRAH (12 V.3 P. 160)  
18 H. ZUBAIR AL - AWAM (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 565)  
19 H. LUBABA BINT HARIS (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (9 V.3 P. 82)  
20 H. UTBAH BIN GHAZWAN MUZANI (رضي الله تعالى عنه) (9 V.2 P. 69)  
21 H. TUFAIL BIN AMR (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (9 V.2 P. 87)  
22 H. SABIT BIN QATIS ANSARI (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (9 V.2 P. 92)  
23 H. ABDULLAH IBN ABBAS (رضي الله تعالى عنه)  
H. ABDULLAH IBN MASOOD  
H. UBAY BIN KAAB (رضي الله تعالى عنه)  
24 H. ABDULLAH BIN UMAR,  
H. ABBAS AND H. MASOOD (رضي الله تعالى عنه)  
25 H. ABU BAKR AND H. UMAR (رضي الله تعالى عنه)  
26 H. USMAN AND H. ALI (رضي الله تعالى عنه)  
27 H. ZAID BIN SABIT (رضي الله تعالى عنه)  
28 H. ALI (رضي الله تعالى عنه)  
29 H. UMAR (رضي الله تعالى عنه)  
30 H. SALMAN FARSY (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ..... (2 P. 578)  
31 H. USMAN BIN AFFAN (رضي الله تعالى عنه)

## CHAPTER 2

32 H. UMME AYMAN (زوجي للثانية) .....(9 V.1 P. 8)  
33 H. ABU OBAIDAH  
AL-JARRAH (زوجي للثانية) .....(24 V.2 P. 94)  
34 H. ZAIT BIN SABIT (زوجي للثانية) .....(24 V.2 P. 19)

## **SOME PRIVILEGED SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)**

- 1 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) was granted leave to wear silk on account of a rash?
- 2 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) was charged with the duty of distribution Zam-Zam water on the occasion of "HAJJATUL-WADAA"?
- 3 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) was appointed Ameer (leader) of the Hajj in 8 A.H. as the deputy of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ)?
- 4 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) did Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) despatch in 9 A.H. from Madinah to direct the pilgrims in his place?
- 5 At whose house was Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) lodged when he migrated to Madina-tul-Munawwara?
- 6 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) used to lead the congregation in Salaat before Rasulullah's (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) arrival in Madinah?
- 7 Which two prominent Sahabis (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)

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daughters were married to Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ)?

- 8 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) gave the GHUSL to Hazrat Ibrahim (رضي الله تعالى عنه), the son of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) upon his death?
- 9 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) had a gold nose fitted onto his face when his original nose was cut off in a battle?
- 10 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) used to lead the mule of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) on his journey?  
He later became the Governer of Egypt.
- 11 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) used to lead the camel of Rasulullah's (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ)?
- 12 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) should keep Rasulullah's (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) signet - ring for him?
- 13 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) performed Hazrat Aisha's (رضي الله تعالى عنها) funeral prayers?
- 14 Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) owned five mules. All were gifted to him.

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## CHAPTER 8

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Who gifted to him the mule named "DULDUL"?

- 15 Who gifted the mule named "FIDDAH" to Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ)?
- 16 Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) owned seven horses and three donkeys. All gifted to him. Who gifted him the donkey named "AAFIRA"?
- 17 Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) possessed nine swords. To which Sahabi (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ) did he present the sword known as "ZUL-FIQAR"?
- 18 Which Sahabiya (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهَا) used to collect the perspiration of Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) and use it as perfume?
- 19 The key-bearer of the KAABAH once refused to open the door of the KAABAH for Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ), who prophesized "A day would dawn when the key would be in my hand and I will entrust it to whomsoever I wish". After the conquest of MAKKAH, Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) gained custody of the KAABAH and entrusted the key to the same person who had refused him entry. What was this fortunate Sahabi's (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ) name?

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## CHAPTER 8

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20 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) did Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) send to spy upon the enemy in the battle of the "TRENCH"?

21 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) drank the blood of Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم), who said "The person who has my blood in his body can not burn in Hell".

22 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) saw Hazrat Jibreel (عليه السلام) in his original form with Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم)?  
Due to this overpowering sight he later became blind in his old-age.

23 Prior to Rasulullah's (صلى الله عليه وسلم) death, he dispatched a huge army under the leadership of a very young Sahabi-general. Hazrat Abu Bakr and Hazrat Umar (رضي الله تعالى عنهما) also formed part of this army. While the army was still on the outskirts of Madinah, Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) passed-away. What was this young commander's name?

24 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) spent the most time in the gracious company of Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم)?

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## CHAPTER 8

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25 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was granted the special privilege of directly meeting Allah (جل جلاله) after he was martyred?

26 Rasulullah (صل الله عليه وسلم) performed all the congregational-Salaats in his lifetime except on two occasions.  
Behind which two Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنهما) did Rasulullah (صل الله عليه وسلم) perform them?

27 Upon her death Rasulullah (صل الله عليه وسلم) personally buried her remarking, "Whoever wishes to see a real virgin of Paradise, should see her".  
She was Hazrat Abu Bakr's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) wife.  
What was her name?

28 Which two Sahabis (رضي الله تعالى عنهما) gave Rasulullah (صل الله عليه وسلم) Ghusl upon his demise?

29 To which Sahabiya (رضي الله تعالى عنها) did Rasulullah (صل الله عليه وسلم) give his shroud? He himself dug the second half of her grave. She was Hazrat Ali's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) mother.  
What was her name?

30 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنها) shaved off the

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## CHAPTER 8

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hair of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) on the occasion of "HAJJAT-UL-WADAA"

- 31 On the occasion of "HAJJAT-UL-WADAA" Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) slaughtered a hundred camels. He personally slaughtered sixty-three. Who slaughtered the balance of thirty-seven?
- 32 When Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) was taken for physical-miraaj (ascension), at which Sahabiya (رضي الله تعالى عنها) house was he sleeping?
- 33 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) slept on Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ)'s bed when he undertook Hijrat? The purpose of his remaining behind was to dispense of all the trusts of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) to their respective owners. The house was surrounded by enemies eager for the life of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ). He later described that nights sleep as the most sound and peaceful sleep he ever experienced in his entire lifetime. What was his name?
- 34 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) constructed the mimbar (pulpit) of Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) which comprised of three steps?

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35 This Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was slightly retarded, hence people would cheat him whenever he used to make purchases. Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) advised him, "When you make purchases say, "Do not receive me and for me is a choice (of returning the purchased article if not satisfied) within three days". What was this Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) name?

36 Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) would often take his Qailoolah (afternoon siesta) at this particular Sahabiya's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) residence, who would always prepare a special bedding for Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم). After his demise this bedding was used as a cure for all physical ailments. What was this foresighted Sahabiya's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) name?

37 When this Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was martyred on the battlefield, somebody stole his mantle off his body. He appeared in some Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) dream informing him of the thief as well as the whereabouts of his mantle. He also relayed his entire will to be excuted by Hazrat Abu Bakr (رضي الله تعالى عنه). Jurists say that a will communicated via a

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dream cannot be executed for this one Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) This was his special privilege that his will was executed.

What was this fortunate Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) name?

38 For whom did Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) perform JANAAZAH SALAAT in the absence of his body?

39 Which two Sahabis (رضي الله تعالى عنهما) could not participate in the battle of "BADAR" on account of their being in SYRIA, yet Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) apportioned for them a share from the body?

40 The life of 17 people become lawful for Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) after the conquest of MAKKAH.  
From those whom Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) forgave was a prominent poet who would recklessly vilify Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) in his poetry. He accepted Islam and started writing poetry eulogizing Rasulullah (صلى الله عليه وسلم) and his compilation "BANAT SUAAD" bears ample testimony to this? What was his name?

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41 In 9 A.H. Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) started sending out his tax-collectors to collect ZAKAAT (Poor-Due) from 16 different outlaying areas. Who was sent to HADRAMAUT, a province of present day YEMEN?

42 Whom did Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) dispatch with a cavalry of 30 men to destroy one of the most revered Idols of the Pagans-UZZA?

43 After the conquest of MAKKAH-TUL-MUKARRAMAH, Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) entered the KAABAH taking only two Sahabis (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہما) with him from the pressing crowds. Name them?

44 Who was the only Sahabi (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) who was present at the occasion of "HUDAYBIYAH" that could not participate in the campaign of KHAIBAR in which enormous booty was acquired. He received the full share of the booty.  
What was this considered Sahabi's (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) name?

45 Which Sahabi (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) would burn incense in MASJID-E-NABAWI?

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46 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) also accompanied Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) and Hazrat ABU BAKR (رضي الله تعالى عنه) on their migration from MAKKAH to Madinah? When he was martyred, he was physically lifted into the sky from the battlefield full view of all, signifying his elevated rank.  
What was this fortunate Sahabi's (رضي الله تعالى عنه) name?

**ANSWERS****SOME PRIVILEGED SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)**

- 1 H. ABDURRAHMAN IBN AUF (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(2 P. 374)
- 2 H. ABBA'S BIN ABDUL MUTALLIB (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(2 P. 234)
- 3 H. ITAAB BIN USAID (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(21 V.2 P. 68)
- 4 H. ABU BAKR (رضي الله تعالى عنه)
- 5 H. ABU AYUUB ANSARI (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(22 P. 29)
- 6 H. SALIM, H. MOULA ABU HUZAIFA (رضي الله تعالى عنه) (24 V.2 P. 84)
- 7 H. ABU BAKR & H. UMAR (رضي الله تعالى عنهما)
- 8 H. FAZAL BIN ABBAS (رضي الله تعالى عنه)
- 9 H. ARFAJAH BIN ASAD (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(2 P. 606)
- 10 H. UQBAH BIN AAMIR (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(3 P. 606)
- 11 H. ASLA BIN SHURAIK (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(3 P. 606)
- 12 H. MUAYQIB BIN ABI FATIMA (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(2 P. 616)
- 13 H. ABU HURAIRA (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(2 P. 612)
- 14 MUQAWQIS, KING OF EGYPT .....(3 P. 595)
- 15 H. FARWATUL JUZAIMI (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(3 P. 325)
- 16 MUQAWAIS, KING OF EGYPT .....(3 P. 595)
- 17 H. ALI BIN ABU TAALIB (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(3 P. 596)
- 18 H. UMME SULAIM (رضي الله تعالى عنها)
- 19 H. USMAN BIN TALHA (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(3 P. 305)
- 20 H. HUZAIFA (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(20 V.1 P. 172)
- 21 H. ABDULLAH BIN ZUBAIR (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(20 V.1 P. 254)
- 22 H. ABDULLAH IBN ABBAS (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(2 P. 570)
- 23 H. USAMA BIN ZAID (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....(3 P. 544)
- 24 H. ABDULLAH BIN

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MASOOD	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(15 V.2 P. 293)
25 H. AMMAD BIN HAZIM	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	
26 H. ABDUR RAHMAN IBN AUF And		
H. ABU BAKR SIDDIQUE	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(2 P. 53)
27 H. UMME ROOMAN	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(9 V.3 P. 12)
28 H. ALI BIN ABU TALIB And		
H. ABBAS	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(3 P. 585)
29 H. FATIMAH BINT ASAD	(رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....	(9 V.3 P. 15)
30 H. MAMAR BIN ABDULLAH	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(3 P. 533)
31 H. ALI BIN ABU TALIB	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(3 P. 322)
32 H. UMME HANI	(رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....	
33 H. ALI BIN ABU TALIB	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	
34 H. BAQOOM ROOMI	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(2 P. 99)
35 H. HABBAN IBN MUNQID		
BIN UMAR	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(16 V.3 P. 29)
36 H. SHIFA BINT ABDULLAH	(رضي الله تعالى عنها) .....	(2 P. 600)
37 H. SABIT BIN QAIS	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(16 V.1 P. 5)
38 NAJASHI, KING OF ABASYNIA	.....	(3 P. 436)
39 H. TALHA BIN UBAIDULLAH	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	
H. SAEED BIN ZAID	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(3 P. 401)
40 H. KAAB BIN ZAHIER	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(3 P. 360)
41 H. ZTYAD BIN LABEED	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(3 P. 350)
42 H. KHALID BIN WALEED	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(3 P. 312)
43 H. BILAL AND USAMAH	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(3 P. 303)
44 H. JABIR BIN ABDULLAH	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(3 P. 240)
45 H. NUAIM BIN ABDULLAH	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(13 P. 48)
46 H. AAMIR BIN FUHAIRAH	(رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(5 V.2 P. 587)

## **MISCELLANEOUS**

- 1 Which two Sahabis (رضي الله تعالى عنهما) claim to remember the promise they took by Allah (جل جلاله) in the AALAM-E-ARWAH (WORLD OF SOULS)?
- 2 Who is the founder of ILM-US-SARF (ARABIC SYNTAX)?
- 3 To which prophet did Rasulullah (صل الله عليه وسلم) resemble the most?
- 4 Name a few people who brought faith on Rasulullah (صل الله عليه وسلم) even before the proclamation of Prophethood?
- 5 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was born in the KAABAH?
- 6 Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was killed by a JINN?
- 7 With which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) did "MUQAWQIS" king of Egypt send his gifts to Rasulullah (صل الله عليه وسلم)?
- 8 Before accepting Islam his name was "HUZN"

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(sorrow).

After accepting Islam what name did Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) choose for him?

- 9 After returning from Taif, his noble body pelted with stones and Bleeding, Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) took refuge in a garden which belonged to Utbah and Rabiah. They sent their slave with a bunch of grapes to offer Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ). He recited Quran to the slave upon which he accepted Islam.  
What was this fortunate slave's name?
- 10 Concerning which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) did Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) prophesize when he lagged behind the army destined for "TABUK" which he later caught up, "He travels alone, he lives alone, he will die alone and he will be raised on the day resurrection alone".
- 11 Which Sahabiya (رضي الله تعالى عنها) in MADINAH-TUL-MUNAWWARAH used to represent the women when approaching Rasulullah (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) for discussing any matter?
- 12 Before accepting Islam his name was "SHAYTAAN" (THE DEVIL).

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After embracing Islam what name did Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) choose for him?

13 A representative of the MEKKANS negotiated a peace-treaty with the Muslims on the occasion of "HUDAYBIYAH". He obstinately declined to write "BISMILLAH" and "THE Messenger of Allah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم)" on the document. After he embraced Islam, he was seen rubbing the shaven-off hair of Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) in his eyes on the occasion of "HAJJAT-UL-WADAA" trying to obtain blessings. What was his name?

14 Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) sent a letter to CHOSROES-king of PERSIA inviting him towards Islam. On reading the letter he tore it up. Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) made a supplication against him saying, "May Allah (صلی اللہ علیہ و سلّم) tear his kingdom to pieces". A few days later his own son assassinated him. Which Sahabi (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) delivered this letter to CHOSROES?

15 Name a few "Muftees" from the Sahaba (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہم)?

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16 Before accepting Islam he had ten wives. Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم) ordered him to divorce six and keep four. What was his name?

17 Name those four Sahaba (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہم) whom Imam Abu Hanifa (رحمۃ اللہ علیہ) saw? He was the only Imam from amongst the four Imams who had the Good-fortune of meeting a Sahabi (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ).

18 In the battle of "BADAR", 313 Sahaba (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہم) participated 77 from the Muhajireen and 236 from the ANSAAR. There were only 6 coats of armour, 8 swords and 2 horses. To which 2 Sahabis (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہم) did these 2 horses belong to?

19 On hearing the devotions and sacrifices of Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم), this particular Sahabi (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) vowed never to speak again, to always fast in the scorching heat and never to seek shade. Rasulullah (صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم) ordered him to break his vows. What was this scrupulous Sahabi's (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ) name?

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20 Regarding which Tabi'i did Rasulullah (رضي الله عنه) inform the SAHABA (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ), "If you ever meet him, request him to ask forgiveness on your behalf".  
He lived in Rasulullah's (صلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) time in Yemen but he could not meet him because of his occupation in serving his terminally ill-mother.  
What was his name?

21 From which Sahabi (رضي الله عنه) was the most Ahadith narrated. A total of 5374?

22 Which Sahabi (رضي الله عنه) was the only survivor from the massacre of "BIR MAOONAH"? He was also directly responsible for the destruction of the Jewish tribe-Banu Quraizah.

ANSWERS

MISCELLANEOUS

- 1 H. ALI &  
H. SAHL BIN ABDULLAH (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (14 P. 144)
- 2 H. IMAM ABU HANIFA ( Imam ابي حنفیه )
- 3 H. IBRAHIM (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (2 P. 508)
- 4 H. BUHAIRA RAAHIB
- H. HABIBUN NAJJAAR
- H. WARQASH BIN NAUFAL
- H. QAIS BIN SA AADAH RAO
- H. SALMAN FARSY (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (14 P. 11)
- 5 H. HAKEEM BIN HIZAM (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (15 V.2 P. 6)
- 6 H. SAAD BIN UBADAH (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (4 P. 126)
- 7 H. HATIB BIN ABI BALTA AH (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (3 P. 605)
- 8 H. SAHL IBN SAAD (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (2 P. 596)
- 9 H. ADDAS (رضي الله عنهما)
- 10 H. ABU ZAR GHIFARI (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (9 V.1 P. 54)
- 11 H. ASMA (رضي الله عنها)
- 12 H. ABDULLAH BIN QURT (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (2 P. 605)
- 13 H. SUHAIL BIN AMR (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (8 P. 172)
- 14 H. SHAJAH BIN WAHB (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (8 P. 146)
- 15 H. UMAR FAROOQ, H. ALI, H. AYESHA,  
H. ABDULLAH BIN MASOOD,  
H. ABDULLAH BIN ABBAS

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H. ZAID BIN SABIT And

H. ABDULLAH BIN UMAR (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (9 V.4 P. 27)

16 H. GHATLAN BIN SULAMAH (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (2 P. 274)

17 H. ABDULLAH IBN ABU AUFA

H. ABU TUFAIL AAMIR BIN WAASILA

H. ANAS IBN MALIK

H. SAHL IBN SAAD AS-SAADY (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (13 P. 32)

18 H. MIQDAD BIN AMR

H. MARSAD BIN ABU MARSAD (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (14 P. 47)

19 H. ABU ISRAEEL (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (2 P. 586)

20 H. UWAIS QARNI (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (2 P. 582)

21 H. ABU HURAIRA (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (26 V.1 P. 122)

22 H. UMAR BIN UMAYYAH

H. AZ-ZUMARY (رضي الله عنهما) ..... (5 V.2 P. 274)

## **"LASTS" IN ISLAM**

- 1 Who, from amongst the wives of Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) was the last to pass-away.
- 2 Which two Sahaba (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُمَا) were the last to visit Rasulullah (صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) before his demise?
- 3 Which Sahabi (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ) was the last to pass-away in BASRAH?  
He lived for 103 years and had 72 sons and 18 daughters.
- 4 Which Sahabi (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ) was the last to pass-away from amongst all the Sahaba (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُمْ) in 110 A.H?
- 5 Which Sahabi (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ) was the last to pass-away from the SAHABA (رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُمْ) who participated in the battle of "BADR"?

**ANSWERS**

**"LASTS" IN ISLAM**

- 1 H. UMME SALMAH ..... (رضي الله تعالى عنها) (20 V.1 P. 209)
- 2 H. MUGHIRA BIN SHUBA  
H. KHUSUM BIN ABBAS (رضي الله تعالى عنها)
- 3 H. ANAS BIN MALIK (رضي الله تعالى عنها)
- 4 H. ABU TUFAIL AAMIR BIN  
WASILA (رضي الله تعالى عنها) (2 P. 601)
- 5 H. SAAD BIN ABI WAQQAS (رضي الله تعالى عنها) (5 P. 573)

## **PREACHING OF SAHABA (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)**

1. By the preaching of a Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم), Sahabas (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) like Hazrat Usman Bin Affan, Hazrat Talha Bin Ubaidullah, Hazrat Saad Bin Abi Waqqas, Hazrat Abdur Rehman Bin Auf (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) embraced Islam. What is the name of that Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)?
2. Hazrat Abu Talha (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) embraced Islam by the preaching of a Sahabiya (رضي الله تعالى عنها). Who is she?
3. This Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) recited the first 'KHUTBA' of Islam in the Ka'aba. After listening the 'KHUTBA' the kuffar severely beat him. What is the name of that Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)?
4. Hazrat Abu Hurairah (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) embraced Islam by the preaching of a Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم). What is the name of that Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)?
5. A Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم) sent a written invitation of Islam to 'Rustum' the king of Persia. What is the name of that Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنهم)?

6. Jurja was a famous enemy leader who embraced Islam during the war by the preaching of a Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه). (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ? What is the name of that Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) ?

7. Which Sahabi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) was the most outstanding and proficient in fulfilling his duty of Amr Bil Maroof-Wa-Nahy Anil Munkar (commanding towards good and forbidding from evil) ?

**ANSWERS****Preaching of Sahaba (رضي الله تعالى عنه)**

1	H. Abu Bakr (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(8 V.1)
2	H. Umme Sulaim (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(8 V.1)
3	H. Abu Bakr (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(8 V.1)
4	H. Tufail Bin Amr Dosi (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(8 V.1)
5	H. Khalid Bin Waleed (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(8 V.1)
6	H. Khalid Bin Waleed (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(8 V.1)
7	H. Hishaam Bin Hakeem (رضي الله تعالى عنه) .....	(2 V.4 P. 15)

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## SCALE OF SCORE POINTS

When testing yourself or others, here is a score guide pointing to your designation:-

250-300	=	EXCELLENT
200-250	=	EXTREMELY GOOD
150-200	=	VERY GOOD
100-150	=	SATISFACTORY
50 -100	=	FAIR
1 - 50	=	POOR

## GUIDE TO REFERENCES

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2. MOHAMMAD BIN ABDULLAH  
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3. HAKEEM ABUL BARAKAAT DANAPURI  
"ASAHHUS SIYAR"
4. MOHAMMD QUTBUDDIN DEHLWI:-  
"MAZAHIRE HAQQ"
5. IMAM BUKHARI, MOHAMMAD BIN ISMAIL:-  
"AL-SAHIH UL BUKHRI"

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6. IDREES KANDHEWI  
"ILM UL KALAAM"
7. IMAM ABU JAFAR TAHAWI:-  
"AQEEDAT UT TAHAWI"
8. YUSUF KANDHLEWI:-  
"HAYAT US SAHABA"
9. RAFI AHMED FIDAI:-  
"COMPANIONS OF THE HOLY - PROPHET"
10. MULLA ALI QARI:-  
"MIRQAAT UL MAFATEEH"
11. SHAH WALI-ULLAH MOHADDITH DEHLWI  
"SEERAT UR RASUL"
12. "SIYAR US SHABAH"
13. MOHAMMED IBN HASSAN:-  
"MOATTA IMAM MOHAMMED"
14. JALALUDDIN SUYUTI AND MOHALLI:-  
"JALALAIN AL-KALAAN"
15. IMAM MUSLIM, MUSLIM BIN HAJJAJ:-  
"AL-SAHIH UL MUSLIM"
16. ABUL-HASAN ALI BURHANUDDIN:-

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“HIDAYA”

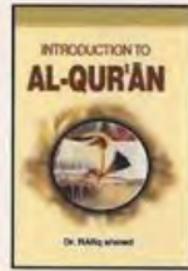
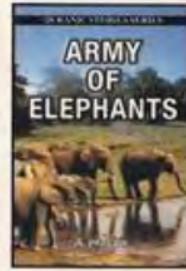
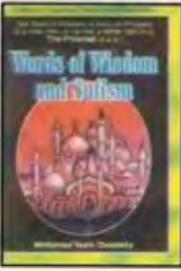
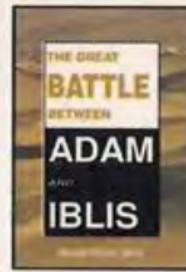
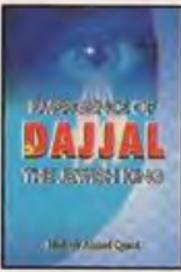
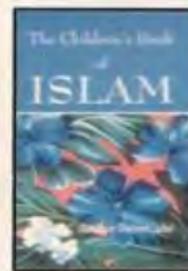
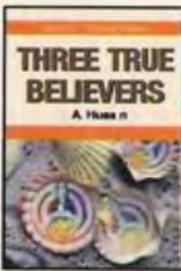
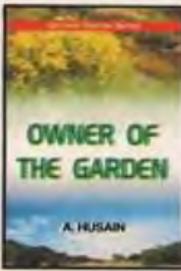
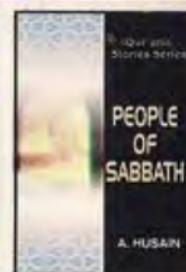
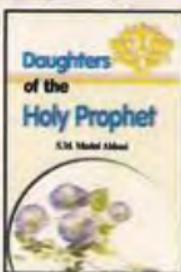
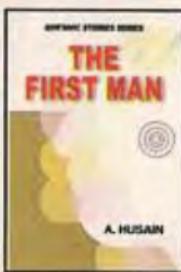
17. ALI JARIM AND MUSTAPHA AMEEN:-  
“AL-BALAAGHAT UL WADIHAH”
18. SALAAMULLAH BIN ABDUSSAMAD:-  
“KAMALAYN, SHARH JALALAIN”
19. ALLAMA JOWZIE:-  
“SEERAT UMAR AL KHATTAB”
20. MOHAMMED ZAKARIYYA KANDEHLWI  
“FADHAAIL -E- AAMAAL”
21. MOHAMMED ABUL HASAN:-  
“TANZEEM UL ASHTAAT”
22. ZAINUL-ABEDIEN RAHIEMA:-  
“PAYAMBAR, THE MESSENGER”
23. FAZL AHMED:-  
“MOHAMMED BIN QASIM”
24. FAZL AHMED:-  
“SOME COMPANIONS OF THE PROPHET”
25. IBN HAJAR ASQALANI:-  
“TUHFA AD-DURAR”
26. MOHAMMED BIN ISA BIN SAURA:-  
“AL-JAMI TIRMIZI”

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27. IMAM ABU DAWOOD SULAIMAN BIN ASHATH:-  
"SUNAN ABU DAWOOD"
28. MOHAMMED BIN ISA BIN SAURA:-  
"SHAMAAIL UT TIRMIZI"

**MAY ALLAH TA ALLAH ACCEPT THIS HUMBLE  
COMPILATION AND MAY HE MAKE IT A MEANS  
FOR OUR FORGIVENESS  
ON THE DAY OF QIYAAMAT, AAMEEN**



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